Scale and Questionnaire Development Presentation
Prepared for UCLM Master Business Students
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Introductions

Video

Tell me a little about your current understanding of research and data collection

Here is a little background about me

About Robert...

Earned Ph. D. in Business Admin. at UCF in August of 2011

Research and teaching Interests are Marketing Strategy, specifically...

Marketing Innovation

Internet / Social Networks / Mobile Marketing

Professional Selling

Industry Experience with AT&T and my own real estate company

I like Spain 2.

Schedule

Day 1 – Monday, 5 March

Part A – Data Collection and Constructs

Part B – Construct Measurement

Day 2 – Tuesday, 6 March

Part A – Scale Development Process

Part B – Scale Assessment

Day 3 – Wednesday, 7 March Part A – Questionnaire Development Part B – Online Implementation Day 1 Part A – Data Collection and Constructs **Review of Data Collection** The Research Model **Importance of Construct Definitions** Part B – Construct Measurement Domain of the Construct What Items are Needed? **Iterative Process** Part A – Data Collection and Constructs **Review of Data Collection** The Research Model Importance of Construct Definition A1. Review of Data Collection Primary versus secondary data Quantitative versus qualitative data **Empirical studies** Tests of statistical and practical significance

Review Exercise – Tell me in your own words about each of these topics.

A2. The Research Model

A3. Importance of Construct Definitions

Exercise: Make a simple research model with 3 to 4 constructs as independent variables and one dependent variable.

You cannot measure what cannot be defined

Replicate or contribute new findings

Examples:

Construct 1: Marketing Insight

Construct 2: Marketing Imagination

Marketing Insight

is the act of seeing into a situation and apprehending the true inner nature and underpinnings of a market phenomenon that affect the creation, development, communication, and delivery of products or services.

(Bowen 1990; Roberts and Eisenhardt 2003)

An organization with marketing insight:

Continually understands market and industry trends, patterns, and trajectories

Uses experience, intuition, and other information to configure organizational resources

Recognizes the root cause that drives market phenomenon

Thinks deeper and more accurately on a consistent basis

Comprehends true causation and inner workings of activities in the market place

Marketing Imagination

is the ability to of the organization to disassociate with the current processes, methods, and activities in order to construct and visualize mental pictures of what is or is not actually present and what has never been actually experienced.

(Andrews and Smith 1996; Levitt 1960; Menon, et al. 1999)

An organization with marketing imagination:

Visualizes alternatives and ideas

Recognizes that end-users buy solutions, not products

Prioritizes ideation and creative processes by limiting current profitability pressures and day-to-day task loads

Tolerates slack and idleness so organization members have time to think

Avoids defining markets too narrowly (avoids marketing myopia)

Empowers employees to be risk takers

Part B – Construct Measurement

Domain of the Construct

What Items are Needed?

Iterative Process

B1. Domain of the Construct

What it is and what it is not

What is similar the construct - shared variance

What is opposite the construct – discrimination, or discriminant validity

Exercise: Define a Construct

B2. What Items are Needed?

Cover the entire construct's domain

Measure similar constructs

Measure opposite constructs

Exercise: Revise construct definition and identify similar and opposite constructs

B3. Iterative Process

Avoid being too broad in your definition; this causes the need for too many questionnaire items and other problems

Avoid being too similar to existing constructs

Re-define the construct until you have satisfied all these issues Exercise: Re-Define a Construct now considering all factors discussed. Day 2 Part A – Scale Development Process Assess current research developments (use, adapt, or create new) **Review 8-step Churchill process** Multi-Trait, Multi-Method Part B - Scale Assessment **Dimensionality and Validity** Reliability Statistical Methods Available Part A – Scale Development Process Assess current research developments (use, adapt, or create new) **Review 8-step Churchill process** Multi-Trait, Multi-Method A1. Assess Current Research **Literature Review Process** Review academic literature with www.scholar.google.com or other library database search method Review popular press Check conference proceedings and unpublished works **Develop Nomological Network** Position your research accordingly Scale

Example

A2. 8-step Churchill Process
A3. Multi-Trait, Multi-Method
Correlations
High
Questions on the scale
Same construct measured with different questioning methods
Low
Between different constructs using the same method
And even lower with different constructs with different questioning methods
Part B – Scale Assessment
Reliability
Dimensionality and Validity
Statistical Methods Available
B1. Reliability
Internal consistency
Coefficient alpha
The questions in the scale should correlate well with each other
Drop questions that don't correlate well with the others
Revise and re-test with new data
Note: each dimension of a multi-dimensional construct is tested separately
B2. Dimensionality and Validity
Factor Analysis
Confirms the number of dimensions in the construct
Better to assess dimensionality after reliability

Exploratory versus Confirmatory Factor Analysis
SPSS versus SEM
B3. Statistical Methods Available
Coefficient alpha
Aka Cronbach alpha
Average Variance Extracted
Factor Analysis
Exploratory vs. Confirmatory
Maximum Likelihood* vs. Principle Components Analysis
PATH Analysis and Structure Equation Modeling (SEM)
Day 3 (tentative)
Part A – Questionnaire Development
Length of the Survey
Research and Control Constructs
Question Types
Part B – Online Implementation
Benefits
Overall Layout Suggestions
Data Results and Panel Management
Part A – Questionnaire Development
Length of the Survey
Research and Control Constructs
Question Types

Length of the Survey

Sufficient number of items to access dimensionality and reliability for the:
Focal construct(s) (construct of interest)
Antecedents
Similar constructs
Opposite constructs
Moderators / Mediators
Dependent variable construct(s)
Be able to complete survey between 10 and 25 minutes
Ensure "busy" people are not too discouraged from participating
Length and Sample Size Needed
Research and Control Constructs
Important to control for variables that can explain your results
"Even when controlling for product innovation, process innovation, R&D spending, advertising intensity, and competitive intelligence, marketing innovation explains 8.5% of firm performance."
Demonstrate the incremental value of your research
Questions Types
Multiple Choice
Matrix
Text Entry
Constant Sum
Text / Graphic
Slider
Rank Order

Drill Down
Hot Spot / Heat Map
Question
Type Example
Part B – Online Implementation
Benefits
Overall Layout Suggestions
Data Results and Panel Management
Benefits
Ease of administration
Validation of responses
Immediate results
Saves time and money
Environmentally friendly
Ease of translation and gathering international data
Concerns: Non-internet-savvy users, browsers, impersonal appeal, respondent identification
Overall Layout
Simple and clean
Interesting and easy to follow instructions
Easy questions in front
Personal questions at the end
Progress monitor throughout
Use simple language
Pre-test
Ask for respondent feedback

Data Results and Panels

Results in proper format with date, time, time to complete, and IP address

"Hidden" data is possible to obtain

Can provide immediate results summary to participants and follow-up in future easily

Longitudinal studies are facilitated

Use of third-party companies is facilitated

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Thank you

I appreciate your interest in the material and your patience with my Spanish

Good luck in your research!

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